### **R13**

Code No: **RT41015** 

Set No. 1

## IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2018 REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATIONS

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B

#### PART-A (22 Marks) Write a short note on In situ data and Electromagnetic Radiation. [4] What are the advantages of human image interpretation and digital image b) processing? [4] List out the key components of Geographic Information system. [3] c) Write a short note on Spatial data analysis. d) [4] Write a short note on land use and land cover. e) [4] How remote sensing and GIS helps in modern life. Explain in brief. f) [3] PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)What do you understand by remote sensing? Briefly explain remote sensing 2. a) process. [8] Explain wave model of electromagnetic radiation. What is electromagnetic b) spectrum? [8] Explain the following elements of visual image interpretation: 3. a) (ii) Size (i) Location (iii) Shape and (iv) Shadow. [8] b) Explain the typical entire process of digital image processing. [8] 4. Define GIS. Describe the key components of GIS. [8] a) Explain the importance and applications of GIS. [8] 5. What do you mean by Vector overlay? Explain Point-in-polygon overlay, Lineon-polygon overlay, Polygon-on-polygon overlay. [16] 6. Explain the remote sensing application in land use and land cover studies. [16] 7. Explain the importance and application of remote sensing in ground water studies. [16]

### **R13**

Code No: **RT41015** 

Set No. 2

[16]

# IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2018 REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATIONS

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70 Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B \*\*\*\* PART–A (22 Marks) 1. a) Discuss in brief active remote sensing and passive remote sensing. [4] b) Write a short note on texture and pattern associated with interpretation elements. [4] What do you mean by Geoinformatics? [3] c) d) What do you mean by Containment and Adjacency? [4] List the applications of remote sensing and GIS in hydrological applications. e) [4] What do you mean by Burn mapping? f) [3] PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)2. a) Explain the following terms related to interaction with atmosphere (i) Absorption (ii) Scattering (iii) Rayleigh Scattering (iv) Mie Scattering. [8] b) What is resolution of a sensor> Describe various types of sensors used in remote sensing. [8] 3. a) Explain the tone, colour, texture and pattern relating to elements of visual interpretations. [8] b) Explain image enhancement, image magnification and image reduction. [8] 4. What do you understand by spatial data and how are they integrated to make a GIS? [16] 5. Explain the concept of network analysis? Explain network tracing, network routing and network allocation. [16] 6. Explain the importance of remote sensing data for geomorphological application. [16]

Explain the application of remote sensing in flood zone mapping.

7.

## **R13**

Code No: **RT41015** 

Set No. 3

# IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2018 REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATIONS

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B \*\*\*\*\*

#### PART-A (22 Marks)

		<u>PARI-A</u> (22 Marks)	
1.	a)	Discuss in brief nominal spectral resolution.	[3]
	b)	Write a short note on Site, shape and size adjectives that are associated with	
		interpretation elements.	[4]
	c)	What do you mean by spatial entity and topology?	[4]
	d)	Write a short note on query b pixel value and attribute.	[4]
	e)	Write a short note on applications of GIS in land use changes.	[4]
	f)	Write a short note on mapping applications of remote sensing.	[3]
		$\underline{\mathbf{PART-B}} \ (3x16 = 48 \ Marks)$	
2.	a)	Explain the terms (i) Raman Scattering (ii) Non-selective scattering	
	ŕ	(iii) Refraction (iv) Reflection.	[8]
	b)	Explain in detail about the airbore remote sensing and space bore remote	
	,	sensing.	[8]
3.	a)	Explain Height, depth, site, situation and association relating to elements of	
	,	visual interpretation.	[8]
	b)	What are the differences between supervised and unsupervised classification?	[8]
	Ο,	The same are defined and supply anot supply and supply and supply and supply and supply and supply	[~]
4.		What are raster data models and vector data models? Write the basic differences	
		between raster and vector data models.	[16]
5.		Explain arithmetic operations, logical operations and conditional expression of	
		spatial data analysis.	[16]
6.		Explain the remote sensing studies in geological application.	[16]
7.		Explain the application of remote sensing in watershed management studies.	[16]

#### Code No: **RT41015**

Set No. 4

## IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2018 REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATIONS

**R13** 

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B \*\*\*\*\*

#### PART–A (22 Marks) 1. a) Write a short note on Path radiance and Directional reflection. [4] b) Discuss the role of shadow to measure height. [3] Define Isoline and Contour. [3] c) What do you mean by point-in-polygon overlay and line-on-polygon overlay? [4] d) Discuss in brief Exogenetic systems. e) [4] What do you mean by digital elevation models and planimetry? [4] PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)2. Explain in detail the energy interaction with the earth surfaces and characteristics of remote sensing systems. [16] What are the advantages and limitations of visual image interpretation and 3. a) digital image processing? [8] What do you understand by visual image interpretation? Explain in brief. [8] b) 4. a) Explain the term GIS. What are the applications of GIS? [8] Explain the terms (i) Field based raster model (ii) object based raster model. [8] 5. What do you understand by spatial analysis? Why is it required? Mention any two spatial analysis techniques. [16] 6. Explain the remote sensing and GIS applications developing urban, forestry and geology informations. [16] 7. Explain the applications of remote sensing in ground water prospects and potential recharge zones. [16]